

DAY 6
Solving Quadratics: Square Roots Method

Today we will solve quadratics using square roots. This method only works when there is no "x" term.

$ax^2 + c = 0$

Steps	$x^2 - 49 = 0$
Step 1: Isolate x^2	$+49 + 49$ $x^2 = 49$
Step 2: Take the SQUARE ROOT of both sides	$\sqrt{x^2} = \sqrt{49}$ $x = \pm 7$

Directions: Use the Square Roots Method to solve each quadratic equation:

1. $x^2 - 16 = 0$	2. $x^2 - 100 = 0$ $-100 + 100$ $x^2 = 100$ $\sqrt{x^2} = \sqrt{100}$ $x = \pm 10$	3. $x^2 + 25 = 0$
4. $x^2 + 7 = 88$	5. $x^2 + 7 = 4$	6. $x^2 - 5 = -4$ $+5 + 5$ $x^2 = 1$ $\sqrt{x^2} = \sqrt{1}$ $x = \pm 1$
7. $6x^2 = 54$	8. $-2x^2 = -98$	9. $(\frac{3}{4}x^2 = 12) \frac{4}{3}$ reciprocal $x^2 = 16$ $\sqrt{x^2} = \sqrt{16}$ $x = \pm 4$
10. $\frac{1}{2}x^2 - 5 = 45$	11. $3x^2 = 432$	12. $-4x^2 = -16$

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13. $3x^2 - 108 = 0$	14. $5x^2 - 45 = 0$	15. $(\frac{1}{2}x^2 - 1 = 29) \frac{2}{1}$ reciprocal $+1 + 1$ $(\frac{1}{2}x^2 = 32) \frac{2}{1}$ $x^2 = 64$ $\sqrt{x^2} = \sqrt{64}$ $x = \pm 8$
16. $9x^2 - 16 = 0$	17. $4x^2 - 1 = 24$	18. $10x^2 + 16 = 16$
19. $x^2 = 19$	20. $x^2 - 41 = 0$	21. $x^2 + 5 = 17$
22. $2x^2 - 126 = 0$	23. $36x^2 = 100$	24. $-8x^2 - 6 = -30$
25. $\frac{1}{3}x^2 + 2 = 14$	26. $(\frac{4}{5}x^2 - 1 = 7) \frac{5}{4}$ $+1 + 1$ $(\frac{4}{5}x^2 = 8) \frac{5}{4}$ $\sqrt{x^2} = \sqrt{10}$ $x = \pm \sqrt{10}$	27. $(\frac{1}{3}(x^2 - 17) = 6) \frac{3}{1}$ reciprocal $x^2 - 17 = 8$ $+17 + 17$ $x^2 = 25$ $\sqrt{x^2} = \sqrt{25}$ $x = \pm 5$
28. $6x^2 + 3 = 387$	29. $7x^2 - 7 = 168$	30. $25x^2 + 18 = 46$

What time is it?



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